Series OSR

कोड नं. 67/2 Code No.

रोल नं.				
Roll No.				

परीक्षार्थी कोड को उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर अवश्य लिखें।

Candidates must write the Code on the title page of the answer-book.

- कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ठ 24 हैं ।
- प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए कोड नम्बर को छात्र उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें।
- कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 25 प्रश्न हैं ।
- कृपया प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवश्य लिखें ।
- इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट का समय दिया गया है । प्रश्न-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वाह्व में 10.15 बजे किया जाएगा । 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक छात्र केवल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे और इस अविध के दौरान वे उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे ।
- Please check that this question paper contains 24 printed pages.
- Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains **25** questions.
- Please write down the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.
- 15 minutes time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.

लेखाशास्त्र

ACCOUNTANCY

निर्धारित समय : 3 घण्टे अधिकतम अंक : 80

Time allowed: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 80

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सामान्य निर्देश:

- यह प्रश्न-पत्र तीन भागों में विभक्त है क. ख और ग। (*i*)
- भाग क सभी छात्रों के लिए अनिवार्य है। (ii)
- परीक्षार्थियों को शेष भाग ख और ग में से कोई एक भाग हल करना है। (iii)
- किसी प्रश्न के सभी भागों के उत्तर एक ही स्थान पर लिखिए। (iv)

General Instructions:

- (*i*) This question paper contains three parts A, B and C.
- (ii) Part A is **compulsory** for all candidates.
- (iii) Candidates can attempt only **one** part of the remaining parts B and C.
- All parts of the questions should be attempted at one place. (iv)

भाग क

(साझेदारी फर्मों तथा कम्पनियों के लिए लेखांकन)

PART A

(Accounting for Partnership Firms and Companies)

- समपार्श्विक प्रतिभृति के रूप में ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन से क्या अभिप्राय है ? 1. What is meant by issue of debentures as collateral security?
- डी लिमिटेड ने 10 ₹ प्रत्येक के 10,00,000 समता अंशों के निर्गमन के लिए आवेदन 2. आमन्त्रित किए । 8,55,000 अंशों के लिए आवेदन प्राप्त हए । क्या कम्पनी अंशों के आबंटन की कार्यवाही कर सकती है ? अपने उत्तर के समर्थन में कारण दीजिए । D Ltd. invited applications for issuing 10,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10
- each. The public applied for 8,55,000 shares. Can the company proceed for the allotment of shares? Give reason in support of your answer.
- न्यायालय के हस्तक्षेप के आधार पर 'साझेदारी के समापन' तथा 'साझेदारी फर्म के समापन' में 3. अन्तर्भेद कीजिए ।
 - Distinguish between 'Dissolution of partnership' and 'Dissolution of partnership firm' on the basis of Court's intervention.

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1

4. एक्स, वाई तथा ज़ैड साझेदार थे तथा $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{10}$ एवं $\frac{1}{5}$ के अनुपात में लाभों का बँटवारा कर रहे थे । एक्स फर्म से सेवानिवृत्त हो गया । शेष साझेदारों के अधिलाभ अनुपात की गणना कीजिए ।

1

X, Y and Z were partners sharing profits in the ratio of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{10}$ and $\frac{1}{5}$. X retired from the firm. Calculate the gaining ratio of the remaining partners.

5. 'एक साझेदारी फर्म के पुनर्गठन' का अर्थ दीजिए।
Give the meaning of 'Reconstitution of a partnership firm'.

6. एक नए प्रवेशित साझेदार द्वारा प्राप्त अधिकारों का उल्लेख कीजिए।

State the rights acquired by a newly admitted partner.

7. अ लिमिटेड ने 10 ₹ प्रत्येक के 100 समता अंशों को जो 20% के प्रीमियम पर निर्गमित किए गए थे, 5 ₹ की अन्तिम माँग राशि जिसमें प्रीमियम भी सम्मिलित है, का भुगतान नहीं का पर हरण कर लिया । बट्टे की उस अधिकतम राशि का उल्लेख कीजिए जिस पर इन अंशों का पुनः निर्गमन किया जा सकता है ।

1

A Ltd. forfeited 100 equity shares of \geq 10 each issued at a premium of 20% for the non-payment of final call of \geq 5 including premium. State the maximum amount of discount at which these shares can be re-issued.

8. निम्नलिखित परिस्थितियों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए :

3

- (i) सनराइज़ लिमिटेड ने 100 ₹ प्रत्येक के 500, 9% ऋणपत्रों जिनका निर्गमन 10% के बट्टे पर किया गया था, को 100 ₹ प्रत्येक के समता अंशों में परिवर्तित करके किया। समता अंशों को 25% के प्रीमियम पर निर्गमित किया गया था।
- (ii) ब्रिटानिया लिमिटेड ने 100 ₹ प्रत्येक के 3,000, 12% ऋणपत्रों जिनका निर्गमन 10 ₹ प्रति ऋणपत्र के बट्टे पर किया गया था, का शोधन इन्हें 100 ₹ प्रत्येक के समता अंशों जो 90 ₹ प्रति अंश प्रदत्त थे, में परिवर्तित करके किया।

Pass necessary journal entries in the following cases:

- (i) Sunrise Ltd. converted 500, 9% debentures of ₹ 100 each issued at a discount of 10% into equity shares of ₹ 100 each issued at a premium of 25%.
- (ii) Britannia Ltd. redeemed 3,000, 12% debentures of ₹ 100 each which were issued at a discount of ₹ 10 per debenture by converting them into equity shares of ₹ 100 each, ₹ 90 paid up.

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9. हेमन्त तथा निशान्त एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 3 : 2 के अनुपात में लाभों का बँटवारा कर रहे थे । उनकी पूँजी क्रमशः 1,60,000 ₹ और 1,00,000 ₹ थीं । 1 अप्रैल, 2013 को उन्होंने भावी लाभों में 1/5 भाग के लिए सोमेश को नए साझेदार के रूप में प्रविष्ट किया । सोमेश अपनी पूँजी के रूप में 1,20,000 ₹ लाया । फर्म की ख्याति के मूल्य की गणना कीजिए तथा उपर्युक्त लेनदेनों के लिए सोमेश के प्रवेश पर आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए ।

3

3

Hemant and Nishant were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 3:2. Their capitals were ₹ 1,60,000 and ₹ 1,00,000 respectively. They admitted Somesh on 1^{st} April, 2013 as a new partner for 1/5 share in the future profits. Somesh brought ₹ 1,20,000 as his capital. Calculate the value of goodwill of the firm and record necessary journal entries for the above transactions on Somesh's admission.

10. टाटा लिमिटेड ने 1 अप्रैल, 2012 को 100 ₹ प्रत्येक के 5,000, 10% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन किया । निर्गमन पर पूर्ण रूप से अभिदान हुआ । निर्गमन की शर्तों के अनुसार ऋणपत्रों पर ब्याज अर्धवार्षिक आधार पर 30 सितम्बर तथा 31 मार्च को देय होता है तथा स्रोत पर कर की कटौती 10% है ।

31 मार्च, 2013 को समाप्त होने वाले अर्धवार्षिक ब्याज से सम्बन्धित तथा ऋणपत्रों के ब्याज को लाभ-हानि विवरण में स्थानान्तरित करने की आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

Tata Ltd. issued 5,000, 10% Debentures of \equiv 100 each on 1st April, 2012. The issue was fully subscribed. According to the terms of issue, interest on debentures is payable half-yearly on 30th September and 31st March and tax deducted at source is 10%.

Pass the necessary journal entries related to the debenture interest for the half-yearly ending on 31st March, 2013 and transfer of interest on debentures to Statement of Profit and Loss.

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- 11. गोपाल लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में निम्नलिखित लेनदेनों के लिए आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए :
 - (i) मैसर्स फर्नीचर मार्ट से 2,50,000 ₹ के फर्नीचर का क्रय किया । मैसर्स फर्नीचर मार्ट को भुगतान 10 ₹ प्रत्येक के समता अंशों को 25% के प्रीमियम पर निर्गमित करके किया गया ।
 - (ii) अमन लिमिटेड से 15,00,000 ₹ की राशि का एक चालू व्यवसाय खरीदा जिसमें 12,00,000 ₹ का भुगतान 10 ₹ प्रत्येक के पूर्ण प्रदत्त समता अंशों द्वारा तथा शेष राशि का बैंक ड्राफ्ट द्वारा किया गया । सम्पत्तियाँ तथा दायित्व निम्नलिखित से सम्बन्धित थे :

संयंत्र (प्लान्ट) 3,50,000 ₹; स्टॉक 4,50,000 ₹; भूमि एवं भवन 6,00,000 ₹; विविध लेनदार 1,00,000 ₹।

Pass necessary journal entries for the following transactions in the books of Gopal Ltd.:

- (i) Purchased furniture for ₹ 2,50,000 from M/s Furniture Mart. The payment to M/s Furniture Mart was made by issuing equity shares of ₹ 10 each at a premium of 25%.
- (ii) Purchased a running business from Aman Ltd. for a sum of
 ₹ 15,00,000. The payment of ₹ 12,00,000 was made by issue of fully paid equity shares of ₹ 10 each and balance by a bank draft.
 The assets and liabilities consisted of the following:

Plant ₹ 3,50,000; Stock ₹ 4,50,000; Land and Building ₹ 6,00,000; Sundry Creditors ₹ 1,00,000.

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- 12. सिंह एवं गुप्ता ने कम कीमत वाले जूट बैग बनाने के लिए एक साझेदारी फर्म शुरू करने का निर्णय लिया क्योंकि प्लास्टिक बैग विभिन्न प्रकार की पर्यावरण सम्बन्धी समस्याएँ उत्पन्न कर रहे थे। इसके लिए उन्होंने 1 अप्रैल, 2012 को क्रमशः 1,00,000 ₹ तथा 50,000 ₹ की पूँजी व्यवसाय में लगाई। सिंह ने शक्ति को बिना पूँजी के साझेदार के रूप में फर्म में प्रविष्ट कराने की अपनी इच्छा व्यक्त की। शक्ति उसका विशेष रूप से योग्य लेकिन अत्यधिक सृजनात्मक एवं बुद्धिमान मित्र है। गुप्ता ने इसे स्वीकार कर लिया। साझेदारी की शर्तें निम्नलिखित थीं ·
 - (i) सिंह, गुप्ता एवं शक्ति 2:2:1 के अनुपात में लाभों का बँटवारा करेंगे।
 - (ii) पूँजी पर 6% वार्षिक दर से ब्याज दिया जाएगा ।

पूँजी की कमी के कारण 30 सितम्बर, 2012 को सिंह ने 25,000 ₹ तथा 1 जनवरी, 2013 को गुप्ता ने 10,000 ₹ की अतिरिक्त पूँजी लगाई । 31 मार्च, 2013 को समाप्त होने वाले वर्ष के लिए फर्म का लाभ 1,68,900 ₹ था ।

- (अ) ऐसे कोई दो मूल्य पहचानिए जो फर्म समाज को सम्प्रेषित करना चाहती है।
- (ब) 31 मार्च, 2013 को समाप्त होने वाले वर्ष के लिए लाभ-हानि विनियोजन खाता तैयार कीजिए।

Singh and Gupta decided to start a partnership firm to manufacture low cost jute bags as plastic bags were creating many environmental problems. They contributed capitals of $\geq 1,00,000$ and $\geq 50,000$ on 1^{st} April, 2012 for this. Singh expressed his willingness to admit Shakti as a partner without capital, who is specially abled but a very creative and intelligent friend of his. Gupta agreed to this. The terms of partnership were as follows:

- (i) Singh, Gupta and Shakti will share profits in the ratio of 2:2:1.
- (ii) Interest on capital will be provided @ 6% p.a.

Due to shortage of capital, Singh contributed $\approx 25,000$ on 30^{th} September, 2012 and Gupta contributed $\approx 10,000$ on 1^{st} January, 2013 as additional capital. The profit of the firm for the year ended 31^{st} March, 2013 was $\approx 1,68,900$.

- (a) Identify any two values which the firm wants to communicate to the society.
- (b) Prepare Profit and Loss Appropriation Account for the year ending 31st March, 2013.

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13. मोनिका, सोनिका तथा मंशा एक फर्म में साझेदार थीं तथा क्रमशः 2:2:1 के अनुपात में लाभों को विभाजित कर रही थीं। 31 मार्च, 2013 को उनका स्थिति विवरण निम्नलिखित था:

31 मार्च, 2013 को स्थिति विवरण

देयताएँ	राशि ₹	सम्पत्तियाँ	राशि ₹
पूँजी :		स्थायी सम्पत्तियाँ	3,60,000
मोनिका 1,80,0	00	स्टॉक	60,000
सोनिका 1,50,0	00	देनदार	1,20,000
<u>मंशा</u> <u>90,00</u>	4,20,000	रोकड़	2,70,000
संचय कोष	1,50,000		
लेनदार	2,40,000		
	8,10,000		8,10,000

30 जून, 2013 को सोनिका की मृत्यु हो गई। शेष साझेदारों और उसके उत्तराधिकारी के बीच सहमति हुई कि

- (अ) फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन पिछले चार वर्षों के औसत लाभ के 3 वर्षों के क्रय के बराबर होगा । औसत लाभ 2,00,000 ₹ था ।
- (ब) पूँजी पर 12% वार्षिक दर से ब्याज दिया जाएगा।
- (स) मृत्यु की तिथि तक लाभों में उसके हिस्से की गणना पिछले चार वर्षों के औसत लाभ के आधार पर की जाएगी।

30 जून, 2013 को सोनिका का पूँजी खाता तैयार कीजिए।

Monika, Sonika and Mansha were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 2:2:1 respectively. On 31st March, 2013 their Balance Sheet was as under:

Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2013

Liabilities	Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Capitals:		Fixed Assets	3,60,000
Monika 1,80,000		Stock	60,000
Sonika 1,50,000		Debtors	1,20,000
Mansha <u>90,000</u>	4,20,000	Cash	2,70,000
Reserve Fund	1,50,000		
Creditors	2,40,000		
	8,10,000		8,10,000

Sonika died on 30th June, 2013. It was agreed between her executors and the remaining partners that

- (a) Goodwill of the firm be valued at 3 years' purchase of average profits for the last four years. The average profits were $\geq 2,00,000$.
- (b) Interest on capital be provided at 12% p.a.
- (c) Her share in the profits upto the date of death will be calculated on the basis of average profits for the last four years.

Prepare Sonika's Capital Account as on 30th June, 2013.

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1 अप्रैल, 2012 को 20,00,000 ₹ की अधिकृत पूँजी के साथ ब्लू हैवन लिमिटेड का 14. निर्माण किया गया जो 10 ₹ प्रत्येक के 2,00,000 समता अंशों में विभाजित थी। कम्पनी ने 1,80,000 समता अंशों के लिए प्रविवरण निर्गमित कर आवेदन आमंत्रित किए । कम्पनी को 1,70,000 समता अंशों के लिए आवेदन प्राप्त हुए । प्रथम वर्ष में कम्पनी ने 8 ₹ प्रति अंश की याचना की । अरुण ने जो 2,000 अंशों का धारक था तथा वरुण ने जो 4,000 अंशों का धारक था, 2 ₹ प्रति अंश की प्रथम याचना राशि का भुगतान नहीं किया । प्रथम याचना के बाद वरुण के अंशों का हरण कर लिया गया तथा बाद में हरण किए गए 3,000 अंशों को 6 ₹ प्रति अंश, 8 ₹ याचित पर पुनः निर्गमित कर दिया गया ।

निम्नलिखित दर्शाइए:

- कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की परिशोधित सारणी VI भाग I के अनुसार कम्पनी के स्थिति विवरण में अंश पूँजी।
- उसी के लिए 'खातों के नोट्स' भी बनाइए। (ब)

On 1^{st} April, 2012, Blue Heaven Ltd. was formed with an authorised capital of \neq 20,00,000 divided into 2,00,000 equity shares of \neq 10 each. The company issued prospectus inviting applications for 1,80,000 equity shares. The company received applications for 1,70,000 equity shares. During the first year, ₹ 8 per share were called. Arun holding 2,000 shares and Varun holding 4,000 shares did not pay the first call of \ge 2 per share. Varun's shares were forfeited after the first call and later on 3,000 of the forfeited shares were re-issued at ₹ 6 per share, ₹ 8 called up.

Show the following:

Get More Learning Materials Here:

- Share Capital in the Balance Sheet of the company as per revised (a) Schedule VI Part I of the Companies Act, 1956.
- (b) Also prepare 'Notes to Accounts' for the same.

9 P.T.O.

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अंजू, मंजू तथा रुचि एक फर्म में साझेदार थीं जो दवाइयों का व्यापार करती थीं । वे 5:3:2 के अनुपात में लाभों का बँटवारा कर रही थीं । 1 अप्रैल, 2012 को उनकी पूँजी क्रमशः 3,00,000 ₹, 5,00,000 ₹ तथा 7,00,000 ₹ थी । उत्तराखण्ड में बाढ़ आने के बाद, सभी साझेदारों ने व्यक्तिगत रूप से बाढ़ पीड़ितों की सहायता करने का निर्णय लिया । इसके लिए अंजू ने 1 अगस्त, 2012 को फर्म से 30,000 ₹ का आहरण किया । मंजू ने रोकड़ का आहरण करने की अपेक्षा फर्म से 25,000 ₹ की दवाइयाँ लीं और बाढ़ पीड़ितों में उन्हें बाँट दिया । दूसरी ओर, रुचि ने 1 दिसम्बर, 2012 को अपनी पूँजी से 1,50,000 ₹ का आहरण किया और बाढ़ प्रभावित क्षेत्र में दिन-प्रतिदिन की आवश्यकता की वस्तुएँ प्रदान कीं । साझेदारी संलेख के अनुसार आहरण पर प्रति वर्ष 6% की दर से ब्याज लिया जाएगा । अंतिम खाते तैयार करने के बाद यह पाया गया कि आहरण पर ब्याज नहीं लिया गया । आवश्यक समायोजन प्रविष्टि कीजिए तथा कार्यकारी टिप्पणियों को स्पष्ट रूप से दर्शाइए । ऐसे किन्हीं दो मूल्यों का भी उल्लेख कीजिए जो ये साझेदार समाज को सम्प्रेषित करना चाहते हैं । Anju, Manju and Ruchi were partners in a firm trading in medicines.

Anju, Manju and Ruchi were partners in a firm trading in medicines. They were sharing profits in the ratio of 5:3:2. Their capitals on 1^{st} April, 2012 were $\geq 3,00,000$, $\geq 5,00,000$ and $\geq 7,00,000$ respectively. After the flood in Uttarakhand, all partners decided to help the flood victims personally.

For this Anju withdrew $\geq 30,000$ from the firm on 1st August, 2012. Manju instead of withdrawing cash from the firm took medicines amounting to $\geq 25,000$ from the firm and distributed those to the flood victims. On the other hand, Ruchi withdrew $\geq 1,50,000$ from her capital on 1st December, 2012 and provided the necessary items of daily use in the flood affected area.

The partnership deed provides for charging interest on drawings @ 6% p.a. After the final accounts were prepared it was discovered that interest on drawings had not been charged. Give the necessary adjusting journal entry and show the working notes clearly. Also state any two values which the partners wanted to communicate to the society.

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15.

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16. हनीफ़ तथा जूबेद एक फर्म के साझेदार थे तथा अपनी पूँजी के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते थे। 31 मार्च, 2013 को उनका स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार था:

31 मार्च, 2013 को हनीफ़ तथा जूबेद का स्थिति विवरण

देयताएँ	राशि ₹	सम्पत्तियाँ	राशि ₹
लेनदार	1,50,000	बैंक	2,00,000
कर्मचारी क्षतिपूर्ति निधि	3,00,000	देनदार	3,40,000
सामान्य संचय	75,000	रहतिया (स्टॉक)	1,50,000
हनीफ़ का चालू खाता	25,000	फर्नीचर	4,60,000
पूँजी :		मशीनरी	8,20,000
हनीफ़ 10,00,000		जूबेद का चालू खाता	80,000
जूबेद5,00,000	15,00,000		
	20,50,000		20,50,000

उपर्युक्त तिथि को फर्म का समापन हो गया।

- (i) देनदारों से 5% बट्टे पर वसूली हुई । हनीफ़ ने 50% रहतिया (स्टॉक) पुस्तक मूल्य से 10% कम मूल्य पर ले लिया । शेष रहतिया को 65,000 ₹ में बेच दिया गया ।
- (ii) जूबेद ने 1,35,000 ₹ में फर्नीचर ले लिया । मशीनरी को कबाड़ में 74,000 ₹ में बेच दिया गया ।
- (iii) लेनदारों को पूर्ण भुगतान किया गया।
- (iv) 8,000 ₹ के वसूली व्ययों का भुगतान हनीफ़ ने किया। वसूली खाता तैयार कीजिए।

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67/2 11 P.T.O.

Hanif and Jubed were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of their capitals. On 31st March, 2013 their Balance Sheet was as follows:

Balance Sheet of Hanif and Jubed as on 31st March, 2013

Liabilities	Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Creditors	1,50,000	Bank	2,00,000
Workmen's Compensation Fund	3,00,000	Debtors	3,40,000
General Reserve	75,000	Stock	1,50,000
Hanif's Current Account	25,000	Furniture	4,60,000
Capitals:		Machinery	8,20,000
Hanif 10,00,000		Jubed's Current Account	80,000
Jubed <u>5,00,000</u>	15,00,000		
	20,50,000		20,50,000

On the above date the firm was dissolved.

- (i) Debtors were realised at a discount of 5%. 50% of the stock was taken over by Hanif at 10% less than the book value. Remaining stock was sold for $\geq 65,000$.
- (ii) Furniture was taken over by Jubed for ₹ 1,35,000. Machinery was sold as scrap for \neq 74,000.
- (iii) Creditors were paid in full.
- (iv) Expenses on realisation ₹ 8,000 were paid by Hanif.

Prepare Realisation Account.

Get More Learning Materials Here:

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17. शिखर तथा रोहित एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 7 : 3 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते थे । 1 अप्रैल, 2013 को उन्होंने किव को फर्म के लाभों में 1/4 भाग के लिए एक नए साझेदार के रूप में प्रविष्ट कराया । किव 4,30,000 ₹ अपनी पूँजी के लिए तथा 25,000 ₹ अपने ख्याति प्रीमियम के भाग के लिए लाया । 1 अप्रैल, 2013 को शिखर तथा रोहित का स्थिति विवरण निम्नानुसार था :

1 अप्रैल, 2013 को शिखर तथा रोहित का स्थिति विवरण

देयताएँ	राशि ₹	सम्पत्तियाँ	राशि ₹
पूँजी :		भूमि तथा भवन	3,50,000
शिखर 8,00,000		मशीनरी	4,50,000
रोहित 3,50,000	11,50,000	देनदार 2,20,000 घटा प्रावधान <u>20,000</u>	2,00,000
सामान्य संचय	1,00,000	स्टॉक	3,50,000
कर्मचारी क्षतिपूर्ति निधि	1,00,000	रोकड़	1,50,000
लेनदार	1,50,000		
	15,00,000		15,00,000

यह निर्णय लिया गया कि

- (i) भूमि तथा भवन का मूल्य 20% बढ़ाया जाएगा ।
- (ii) मशीनरी का मूल्य 10% कम किया जाएगा ।
- (iii) कर्मचारी क्षतिपूर्ति निधि की देयता 50,000 ₹ निश्चित की गई।
- (iv) शिखर तथा रोहित की पूँजी किव द्वारा लाई गई पूँजी के आधार पर समायोजित की जाएगी और इसके लिए आवश्यकतानुसार रोकड़ लाया जाएगा तथा इसका भुगतान किया जाएगा।

पुनर्मूल्यांकन खाता, साझेदारों के पूँजी खाते तथा नई फर्म का स्थिति विवरण तैयार कीजिए।

अथवा

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एल, एम तथा एन एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 2:1:1 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते थे । 1 अप्रैल, 2013 को उनका स्थिति विवरण निम्नानुसार था:

1 अप्रैल, 2013 को एल, एम तथा एन का स्थिति विवरण

देयताएँ	राशि ₹	सम्पत्तियाँ	राशि ₹
पूँजी :		भूमि	8,00,000
एल 6,00,000		भवन	6,00,000
एम 4,80,000		फर्नीचर	2,40,000
एन <u>4,80,000</u>	15,60,000	देनदार 4,00,000 घटा प्रावधान <u>20,000</u>	3,80,000
सामान्य संचय	4,40,000	स्टॉक	4,40,000
कर्मचारी क्षतिपूर्ति निधि	3,60,000	रोकड़	1,40,000
लेनदार	2,40,000		
	26,00,000		26,00,000

उपर्युक्त तिथि को एन ने अवकाश ग्रहण किया।

निम्नलिखित निर्णय लिए गए:

- फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन 6,00,000 ₹ किया गया। (i)
- भूमि का मूल्य 40% बढ़ाया जाएगा तथा भवन पर 1,00,000 ₹ का मूल्यहास (ii) लगाया जाएगा।
- फर्नीचर पर 30,000 ₹ का मूल्यहास लगाया जाएगा। (iii)
- कर्मचारी क्षतिपूर्ति निधि की देयता 1,60,000 ₹ निश्चित हुई। (iv)
- एन को देय राशि को उसके ऋण खाते में स्थानान्तरित किया जाएगा। (v)
- एल तथा एम की पूँजी को उनके नए लाभ अनुपात में समायोजित किया जाएगा तथा (vi) इसके लिए साझेदारों के चालू खाते खोले जाएँगे।

पुनर्मूल्यांकन खाता, साझेदारों के पूँजी खाते तथा नई फर्म का स्थिति विवरण बनाइए।

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Shikhar and Rohit were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 7:3. On $1^{\rm st}$ April, 2013 they admitted Kavi as a new partner for 1/4 share in profits of the firm. Kavi brought $\not\equiv 4,30,000$ as his capital and $\not\equiv 25,000$ for his share of goodwill premium. The Balance Sheet of Shikhar and Rohit as on $1^{\rm st}$ April, 2013 was as follows:

Balance Sheet of Shikhar and Rohit as on 1st April, 2013

Liabilities	Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Capitals:		Land and Building	3,50,000
Shikhar 8,00,000		Machinery	4,50,000
Rohit <u>3,50,000</u>	11,50,000	Debtors 2,20,000 Less provision 20,000	2,00,000
General Reserve	1,00,000	Stock	3,50,000
Workmen's Compensation Fund	1,00,000	Cash	1,50,000
Creditors	1,50,000		
	15,00,000		15,00,000

It was agreed that

- (i) the value of Land and Building will be appreciated by 20%.
- (ii) the value of Machinery will be depreciated by 10%.
- (iii) the liabilities of Workmen's Compensation Fund was determined at ₹ 50,000.
- (iv) capitals of Shikhar and Rohit will be adjusted on the basis of Kavi's capital and actual cash to be brought in or to be paid off as the case may be.

Prepare Revaluation Account, Partners' Capital Accounts and the Balance Sheet of the new firm.

OR

L, M and N were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 2:1:1. On $1^{\rm st}$ April, 2013 their Balance Sheet was as follows:

Balance Sheet of L, M and N as on 1st April, 2013

Liabilities	Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Capitals:		Land	8,00,000
L 6,00,000		Building	6,00,000
M 4,80,000		Furniture	2,40,000
N 4,80,000	15,60,000	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Debtors} & 4,00,000 \\ \text{Less provision} & \underline{20,000} \end{array}$	3,80,000
General Reserve	4,40,000	Stock	4,40,000
Workmen's Compensation Fund	3,60,000	Cash	1,40,000
Creditors	2,40,000		
	26,00,000		26,00,000

On the above date N retired.

The following were agreed:

- (i) Goodwill of the firm was valued at \neq 6,00,000.
- (ii) Land was to be appreciated by 40% and Building was to be depreciated by ₹ 1,00,000.
- (iii) Furniture was to be depreciated by $\ge 30,000$.
- (iv) The liabilities for Workmen's Compensation Fund was determined at ₹ 1,60,000.
- (v) Amount payable to N was transferred to his loan account.
- (vi) Capitals of L and M were to be adjusted in their new profit sharing ratio and for this purpose current accounts of the partners will be opened.

Prepare Revaluation Account, Partners' Capital Accounts and the Balance Sheet of the new firm.

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18. के वाई लिमिटेड ने 10 ₹ प्रत्येक के 60,000 समता अंशों को 4 ₹ प्रति अंश के प्रीमियम पर निर्गमित करने के लिए आवेदन आमन्त्रित किए । राशि निम्न प्रकार से देय थी :

आवेदन तथा आबंटन पर - 8 ₹ प्रति अंश (प्रीमियम सहित)

प्रथम एवं अन्तिम याचना पर – शेष धनराशि ।

2,00,000 अंशों के लिए आवेदन प्राप्त हुए । 80,000 अंशों के लिए आवेदनों को रद्द कर दिया गया तथा आवेदन राशि वापस कर दी गई । शेष आवेदकों को अनुपातिक आधार पर अंशों का आबंटन कर दिया गया । प्रथम तथा अन्तिम याचना राशि माँग ली गई । केवल मुकेश, जिसने 600 अंशों के लिए आवेदन किया था, को छोड़कर समस्त राशि प्राप्त हो गई । उसके अंशों का हरण कर लिया गया । हरण किए गए अंशों को 8 ₹ प्रति अंश पर पूर्ण प्रदत्त पुनः निर्गमित कर दिया गया ।

उपर्युक्त लेनदेनों के लिए के वाई लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

अथवा

जे वाई लिमिटेड ने 10 ₹ प्रत्येक के 70,000 समता अंशों को 10% के बट्टे पर निर्गमित करने के लिए आवेदन आमन्त्रित किए । राशि निम्न प्रकार से देय थी :

आवेदन तथा आबंटन पर – 4 ₹ प्रति अंश

प्रथम एवं अन्तिम याचना पर – शेष धनराशि ।

2,00,000 अंशों के लिए आवेदन प्राप्त हुए । 60,000 अंशों के लिए आवेदनों को रद्द कर दिया गया तथा आवेदन राशि वापस कर दी गई । शेष आवेदकों को अनुपातिक आधार पर अंशों का आबंटन कर दिया गया । प्रथम तथा अन्तिम याचना राशि माँग ली गई । केवल नरेश, जिसने 1,400 अंशों के लिए आवेदन किया था, को छोड़कर समस्त धनराशि प्राप्त हो गई । उसके अंशों का हरण कर लिया गया । हरण किए गए अंशों को कानून द्वारा प्रदान अधिकतम बट्टा राशि पर पुनः निर्गमित कर दिया गया ।

उपर्युक्त लेनदेनों के लिए जे वाई लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

8

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KY Ltd. invited applications for issuing 60,000 equity shares of \ge 10 each at a premium of \ge 4 per share. The amount was payable as follows:

On application and allotment $- \neq 8$ per share (including premium)

On first and final call – the balance amount.

Applications for 2,00,000 shares were received. Applications for 80,000 shares were rejected and money refunded. Shares were allotted on pro-rata basis to the remaining applicants. The first and final call was made. The amount was duly received except on 600 shares applied by Mukesh. His shares were forfeited. The forfeited shares were re-issued at ₹ 8 per share fully paid-up.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of KY Ltd.

OR.

JY Ltd. invited applications for issuing 70,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each at a discount of 10%. The amount was payable as follows:

On application and allotment $- \neq 4$ per share

On first and final call – the balance amount.

Applications for 2,00,000 shares were received. Applications for 60,000 shares were rejected and money refunded. Shares were allotted on pro-rata basis to the remaining applicants. The first and final call was made. All money was received except on 1,400 shares applied by Naresh. His shares were forfeited. The forfeited shares were re-issued at the maximum discount permissible under the law.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of JY Ltd.

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भाग ख

(वित्तीय विवरणों का विश्लेषण)

PART B

(Financial Statements Analysis)

रोकड प्रवाह विवरण बनाते समय 'रोकड प्रवाह' के अर्थ का उल्लेख कीजिए। 19. 1 State the meaning of 'Cash Flow' while preparing Cash Flow Statement. रोकड प्रवाह विवरण तैयार करते समय वित्तीय गतिविधियों के द्वारा रोकड प्रवाह को पृथक 20. दर्शाना क्यों महत्त्वपूर्ण है ? 1

Why is specific disclosure of cash flow from financing activities important while preparing Cash Flow Statement?

- वित्तीय विवरणों के विश्लेषण के किसी एक उद्देश्य का उल्लेख कीजिए। 21. 1 State any one objective of financial statements analysis.
- कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की परिशोधित सूची VI भाग I के अनुसार कम्पनी के स्थिति 22. विवरण में निम्न मदें किन उप-शीर्षकों के अन्तर्गत दर्शाई जाएँगी :
 - पूँजीगत संचय (i)
 - बॉन्ड्स (ii)
 - माँग पर देय ऋण (iii)
 - (iv) वाहन
 - ख्याति (v)
 - खुदरा औज़ार (vi)

Under which sub-headings will the following items be placed in the Balance Sheet of a company as per revised Schedule VI Part I of the Companies Act, 1956:

- (i) Capital Reserves
- (ii) **Bonds**
- (iii) Loans repayable on demand
- (iv) Vehicles
- Goodwill (v)
- Loose tools (vi)

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23. कोरेक्स लिमिटेड के 31 मार्च, 2013 को समाप्त हुए वर्ष के लिए निम्न लाभ-हानि विवरण से तुलनात्मक लाभ-हानि विवरण तैयार कीजिए :

विवरण	नोट	2012 - 13	2011 - 12
144(1	संख्या	₹	₹
प्रचालन से प्राप्त आय		14,00,000	11,00,000
अन्य आय		2,00,000	1,40,000
व्यय		8,00,000	9,00,000

आय कर दर 40% थी।

From the following Statement of Profit and Loss of Corex Ltd. for the year ended 31st March, 2013, prepare a Comparative Statement of Profit and Loss:

Particulars	Note No.	2012 – 13 ₹	2011 – 12 ₹
Revenue from operations		14,00,000	11,00,000
Other Incomes		2,00,000	1,40,000
Expenses		8,00,000	9,00,000

Rate of income tax was 40%.

- 24. (अ) एक कम्पनी का तरलता अनुपात 1.5 : 1 है । कारण सिहत उल्लेख कीजिए कि निम्नलिखित लेनदेनों से अनुपात में (i) वृद्धि होगी; (ii) कमी होगी या (iii) कोई परिवर्तन नहीं आएगा :
 - (1) 3,000 ₹ किराए का अग्रिम भुगतान किया गया।
 - (2) व्यापारिक प्राप्यों में एक देनदार श्री अशोक सिम्मिलित था जिसने देय राशि 9,700 ₹ का पूर्ण भुगतान कर दिया ।

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(ब) निम्नलिखित सूचना से 'स्वामित्व अनुपात' की गणना कीजिए :

₹

दीर्घकालीन ऋण	2,00,000
दीर्घकालीन आयोजन	1,00,000
चालू दायित्व	50,000
अचल परिसम्पत्तियाँ	3,60,000

चालू परिसम्पत्तियाँ 90,000 4

- (a) The quick ratio of a company is 1.5:1. State with reason which of the following transactions would (i) increase; (ii) decrease or (iii) not change the ratio:
 - (1) Paid rent \neq 3,000 in advance.
 - (2) Trade receivables included a debtor Shri Ashok who paid his entire amount due ₹ 9,700.
- $(b) \qquad \text{From the following information compute `Proprietary Ratio':} \\$

₹

Long Term Borrowings	2,00,000
Long Term Provisions	1,00,000
Current Liabilities	50,000
Non-Current Assets	3,60,000
Current Assets	90,000

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सिमको लिमिटेड की 31.3.2013 तथा 31.3.2012 के स्थिति विवरण में दी गई सूचनाओं के **25.** आधार पर रोकड़ प्रवाह विवरण तैयार कीजिए:

		नोट	31.3.2013	31.3.2012
	विवरण	संख्या	₹	₹
I – 3	समता तथा देयताएँ :			
1.	अंशधारक निधियाँ :			
	(अ) अंश पूँजी		2,00,000	1,50,000
	(ब) संचय एवं आधिक्य		90,000	75,000
2.	अचल देयताएँ:			
	दीर्घकालीन ऋण		87,500	87,500
3.	चालू देयताएँ :			
	व्यापारिक देयताएँ		10,000	76,000
	कुर	ल	3,87,500	3,88,500
II –	परिसम्पत्तियाँ :			
1.	अचल परिसम्पत्तियाँ :			
	(अ) स्थायी परिसम्पत्तियाँ :			
	(i) मूर्त परिसम्पत्तियाँ		1,87,500	1,40,000
	(ब) अचल निवेश		1,05,500	1,02,500
2.	चालू परिसम्पत्तियाँ:			
	(अ) चालू विनियोग (विक्रय-योग्य)		12,500	33,500
	(ब) स्टॉक (मालसूची)		4,000	5,500
	(स) व्यापारिक प्राप्तियाँ		9,500	23,000
	(द) रोकड़ तथा रोकड़ तुल्य		68,500	84,000
	कु	ल	3,87,500	3,88,500

खातों के नोट्स

नोट 1

विवरण	2013	2012
	₹	₹
संचय एवं आधिक्य	00.000	
आधिक्य (लाभ-हानि विवरण का शेष)	90,000	75,000

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Prepare a Cash Flow Statement on the basis of the information given in the Balance Sheet of Simco Ltd. as at 31.3.2013 and 31.3.2012:

		Note	31.3.2013	31.3.2012
	Particulars	No.	₹	₹
I – I	Equity and Liabilities :			
1.	Shareholder's Funds:			
	(a) Share Capital		2,00,000	1,50,000
	(b) Reserves and Surplus		90,000	75,000
2.	Non-Current Liabilities :			
	Long Term Borrowings		87,500	87,500
3.	Current Liabilities:			
	Trade Payables		10,000	76,000
	Total		3,87,500	3,88,500
II –	Assets:			
1.	Non-Current Assets :			
	(a) Fixed Assets:			
	(i) Tangible Assets		1,87,500	1,40,000
	(b) Non-Current Investments		1,05,500	1,02,500
2.	Current Assets :			
	(a) Current Investments (Marketable)		12,500	33,500
	(b) Inventories		4,000	5,500
	(c) Trade Receivables		9,500	23,000
	(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents		68,500	84,000
	Total		3,87,500	3,88,500

Notes to Accounts

Note 1

Particulars	2013 ₹	2012 ₹
Reserves and Surplus Surplus (Balance in Statement of Profit & Loss)	90,000	75,000

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भाग ग

(अभिकलित्र लेखांकन)

	(Computerised Accounting)	
19.	आवश्यकता विश्लेषण क्या है ?	1
	What is requirement analysis?	
20.	अभिकलित्र लेखांकन तंत्र के एक घटक के रूप में 'आँकड़ों' का क्या अर्थ है ?	1
	What is meant by 'data' as a component of Computerised Accounting System?	
21.	सम्बन्धात्मक डाटाबेस क्या है ?	1
	What is relational database?	
22.	अभिकलित्र लेखांकन तंत्र के किन्हीं दो लाभों तथा एक सीमा को समझाइए।	3
	Explain any two advantages and one limitation of Computerised Accounting System.	
23.	'डैस्कटॉप डाटाबेस' तथा 'सर्वर डाटाबेस' में किन्हीं चार आधारों पर अन्तर्भेद कीजिए।	4
	Differentiate between 'Desktop database' and 'Server database' on any four basis.	
24.	डाटा वैधीकरण से क्या अभिप्राय है ? ऐसे दो उदाहरण दीजिए जब मूल्य शर्तों को पूरा नहीं करते और इस कारणवश सेल अशुद्धि दर्शाते हैं।	4
	What is meant by data validation? Give two examples when cell will give error if the values are not meeting the conditions.	
25.	निम्नलिखित सूचना से निम्न राशियों की गणना के लिए एक्सेल पर सूत्र की गणना कीजिए :	6
	(अ) यात्रा भत्ता के लिए, मूल वेतन 25,000 ₹ तक 20% की दर से तथा इससे ऊपर 25% की दर से ।	
	(ब) देय ऋण के लिए, मूल वेतन 25,000 ₹ तक 15% की दर से तथा इससे ऊपर 20% की दर से।	
	(स) शुद्ध वेतन के लिए, मूल वेतन में यात्रा भत्ता जोड़कर तथा देय ऋण घटाकर ।	
	Calculate the formulae from the following information on Excel for computing the amounts of :	
	(a) Travelling Allowance, Basic Pay upto ₹ 25,000 at 20% and above it	

Net Salary, adding Travelling Allowance and deducting Loan (c) Payable from Basic Pay.

Loan Payable, Basic Pay upto ₹ 25,000 at 15% and 20% above

(b)

at 25%.

Í :	2	2	Outside-67/2						
		_		Expected Answers /Val	ue poin	ts	1 m		
	1	3		Ans. It means issue of debentures as an additional or secondary security in addition to principal security for taking loan.					
	2	7	Q. D Ltd answer. Ans. Allotment of shares can't take place as minimum subscription is not received which should be 90% of shares offered for subscription or 9,00,000.						
	3	6	Q. Distinguish between	intervent	tion.		1 m		
			Basis	Dissolution of Partnership	Dis Fire	solution of Partn m	ership		
			Court intervention	Court doesn't intervene because partnership is dissolved by mutual agreement		irm can be dissolv urt order.	ed by		
	4	4	Q. X,Y and Z were	remaini	ng partr	ners.	1 m		
			Ans. Y's gain = 3/5-3/10 Z's gain = 2/5 - 2/10 = 2 Gaining ratio = 3:2	-					
	5	2	Q. Givefirm. Ans. Reconstitution of a partnership firm means any change in existing agreement among the partners.						
	6	5	Q. State thepartner. Ans.(a) Right to share profits with other partners in agreed ratio. (b) Right to share in the assets of the business.						
- -	7	1	Q. A Ltd	reissued.			1 m		
			Ans. These shares can b	e reissued upto a discount of ₹	7 per s	hare or ₹700.			
0	8	9	Q. Pass necessary Ans. (I)	paid up.					
				In the books of Sunri Journal	se Ltd.				
			Date	Particulars	LF	Dr (₹)	Cr (₹)		
			9% Debentur	-		50,000			
			To Debentui	on issue of Debentures re holder A/c			5,000 3 45,000		
			conversion)	ntures redeemed by					
				are Capital A/c		45,000	36,000		
			(Amount due	s Premium A/c e to debenture holder on y issue of 360 equity shares)			9,000		
Ge	et M	lore	Learning Materials	S Here: CLICK HERE	»	∰ www	w.studentbro.in		

Date	Particulars	LF		Dr (₹)	Cr (₹)
	9% Debenture A/c Dr.	+		50,000	- , ,
	To Debenture holder A/c			00,011	50,0
	(Being debentures redeemed by				,-
	conversion)				
	Debenture holder A/c Dr.	+		50,000	
	To Equity Share Capital A/c			30,000	40,0
	To Securities Premium A/c				40,0 10,0
	(Amount due to debenture holder on				±0,
	conversion by issue of 400 equity shares)				
(11)	In the books of Britar Journal	nnia Ltd.			
Date		LF		Dr (₹)	Cr (₹)
Date	12% Debenture A/c Dr.			3,00,000	Οι ₁ ν,
	To Discount on issue of Debentures			3,00,000	30,0
	To Debentures holder A/c				30,0 2,70,0
					۷,10,
	(Being debentures redeemed by				
	conversion)	-			
	Debenture holder A/c Dr.			2,70,000	2.70 (
	To Equity Share Capital A/c				2,70,0
	(Being 2,700 shares issued)				
	Alternative Ansv In the books of Britar Journal				
Date	In the books of Britar Journal			Dr (₹)	Cr (₹)
Date	In the books of Britar Journal	nnia Ltd.		Dr (₹) 3,00,000	Cr (₹)
Date	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars	nnia Ltd.			Cr (₹)
Date	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr.	nnia Ltd.			
Date	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c	nnia Ltd.			
Date	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by	nnia Ltd.		3,00,000	
Date	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by conversion) Debenture holder A/c Dr.	nnia Ltd.			3,00,0
Date	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by conversion) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c	nnia Ltd.		3,00,000	
Date	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by conversion) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c	nnia Ltd.		3,00,000	3,00,0
Date	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by conversion) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being 3,333 shares issued & fractional	nnia Ltd.		3,00,000	3,00,0
Date	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by conversion) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c	nnia Ltd.		3,00,000	3,00,0
	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by conversion) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being 3,333 shares issued & fractional amount is paid in cash)	nnia Ltd.		3,00,000	3,00,0
Q. Hem	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by conversion) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being 3,333 shares issued & fractional	nnia Ltd.		3,00,000	3,00,0
	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by conversion) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being 3,333 shares issued & fractional amount is paid in cash)	nnia Ltd.		3,00,000	3,00,0
Q. Hem Ans.	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by conversion) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being 3,333 shares issued & fractional amount is paid in cash) Daurnal	nnia Ltd.		3,00,000	3,00,0 2,99,9
Q. Hem	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by conversion) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being 3,333 shares issued & fractional amount is paid in cash) Dournal Particulars	LF	LF	3,00,000 3,00,000 Dr (₹)	3,00,0
Q. Hem Ans.	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by conversion) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being 3,333 shares issued & fractional amount is paid in cash) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being 3,333 shares issued & fractional amount is paid in cash) Dournal Particulars Cash A/c / Bank A/c	nnia Ltd.		3,00,000	3,00,0 2,99,9 Cr (₹)
Q. Hen	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by conversion) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being 3,333 shares issued & fractional amount is paid in cash) Daurnal Particulars Cash A/c / Bank A/c To Somesh's Capital A/c	LF		3,00,000 3,00,000 Dr (₹)	3,00,0 2,99,9
Q. Hem	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by conversion) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being 3,333 shares issued & fractional amount is paid in cash) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being 3,333 shares issued & fractional amount is paid in cash) Particulars Cash A/c / Bank A/c To Somesh's Capital A/c (Being capital brought in cash)	Dr.		3,00,000 3,00,000 Dr (₹) 1,20,000	3,00,0 2,99,9 Cr (₹)
Q. Hem Ans.	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by conversion) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being 3,333 shares issued & fractional amount is paid in cash) Debenture holder A/c To Bank A/c (Being 3,333 shares issued & fractional amount is paid in cash) Particulars Cash A/c / Bank A/c To Somesh's Capital A/c (Being capital brought in cash) Somesh's capital A/c /Somesh's Current A/c	LF		3,00,000 3,00,000 Dr (₹)	3,00,0 2,99,9 Cr (₹) 1,20,000
Q. Hem	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by conversion) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being 3,333 shares issued & fractional amount is paid in cash) Dournal Particulars Cash A/c / Bank A/c To Somesh's Capital A/c (Being capital brought in cash) Somesh's capital A/c /Somesh's Current A/c To Hemant's Capital A/c	Dr.		3,00,000 3,00,000 Dr (₹) 1,20,000	3,00,0 2,99,9 Cr (₹) 1,20,000
Q. Hem	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by conversion) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being 3,333 shares issued & fractional amount is paid in cash) Particulars Cash A/c / Bank A/c To Somesh's Capital A/c (Being capital brought in cash) Somesh's capital A/c /Somesh's Current A/c To Hemant's Capital A/c To Nishant's Capital A/c	Dr.		3,00,000 3,00,000 Dr (₹) 1,20,000	3,00,0 2,99,9 Cr (₹) 1,20,000
Q. Hen	In the books of Britar Journal Particulars 12% Debenture A/c Dr. To Debentures holder A/c (Being debentures redeemed by conversion) Debenture holder A/c Dr. To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c (Being 3,333 shares issued & fractional amount is paid in cash) Dournal Particulars Cash A/c / Bank A/c To Somesh's Capital A/c (Being capital brought in cash) Somesh's capital A/c /Somesh's Current A/c To Hemant's Capital A/c	Dr.		3,00,000 3,00,000 Dr (₹) 1,20,000	3,00,0 2,99,9 Cr (₹) 1,20,000

			= ₹ 3,80,0	a capital of Helhant, Mishant and Son 200	icsii — 1,00,0	,00 ,	1,00,000	1 1,20,0	,	=
			O	- full- flow - 6.00.000 - 0.00.000 - T	2 20 000					(1+1
				of the firm = $6,00,000 - 3,80,000 = ₹$ s share of goodwill = $2,20,000 \times 1/5 = 1$						= 3 Ma
			3011163113	2,20,000 X 1/3	1 1,000					3 1410
	10	8	•	dloss.						
			Ans.	In the book	s of Tata Ltd	ł.				
					urnal	•				
			Date	Particulars		LF	Dr (₹)	Cr (₹)		
			2013	Interest on debentures A/c	Dr.		25,000			
			March 3	•				22,500		
				To Income tax payable A/c /TDS from Debenture Interest a/	/c			2,500	'	1
				(Being interest due)						1
			March 3		Dr.		22,500			
				To Bank A/c				22,500)	4
			March 3	(Being interest paid)						1
			**	Income Tax Payable / TDS from Debenture Interest A/c	Dr.		2,500			
				To Bank A/c	Di.		2,300	2,500	,	
				(TDS deposited with Income Tax	authorities)			_,,,,,		
			March 3	Statement of Profit & Loss	Dr.		50,000			
				To Interest on Debentures A/c				50,000)	
				(Being interest transferred)						1 (1+1
4	11	12	Ans.		ry creditors. ries in book pal Ltd.					
			Date	Particulars	pai Liu.	L.F.	Dr.		Cr.	1
			Date	Tarticulars			Amt (umt (₹)	
				i) Furniture A/c	Dr.		2,50,			
				To M/s Furniture Mart				2	2,50,000	1
			_	Being furniture purchased)						
				M/s Furniture Mart A/c	Dr.		2,50,			
				To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium/ Securities P	romium			4	50,000	1
				Reserve A/					30,000	
				Being shares issued as purchase cons						
				ii) Plant A/c	Dr.		3,50,0	000		
			1	Stock A/c	Dr.		4,50,			
				and & Building A/c	Dr.		6,00,			1
				Goodwill A/c To Sundry Creditors A/c	Dr.		2,00,		,00,000	
				To Aman Ltd					5,00,000	
				Being business purchased)					,,00,000	
			I —	Aman Ltd	Dr.		15,00,	000		
				To Equity Share Capital A/c						
				To Bank A/c					2,00,000	
								3	3,00,000	
١							1			

Ans. (a) Values highlighted: (Any two) (i) Recognition of talent (iii) Responsible dizen (iii) Exponsible dizen (iii) Exponsible dizen (iii) Exponsible dizen (iv) Helping, carring and sharing towards specially abled people. (OR ANY OTHER SUITABLE VALUE) (b) Profit and Loss Appropriation A/c For the year ended March 31, 2013 Dr. Particulars Amount (₹) Gupta's Capital A/c Gupta's	1 12	4.0	Q Circle 8 Conta		84			7 1010
(i) Recognition of talent (ii) Responsible citizen (iii) Environment Concern (iv) Helping, caring and sharing towards specially abled people. (OR ANY OTHER SUITABLE VALUE) (b) Profit and Loss Appropriation A/c For the year ended March 31, 2013 Dr. Cr. Particulars Amount (₹) To Interest on Capital: Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c No MARKS FOR WORKING NOTES) (NO MARKS FOR WORKING NOTES) Cr. Particulars Nonika's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Sing	1 12	13			March 2013.			
(iii) Responsible citizen (iii) Environment Concern (iv) Helping, caring and sharing towards specially abled people. (OR ANY OTHER SUITABLE VALUE) (b) Profit and Loss Appropriation A/c For the year ended March 31, 2013 Dr. Cr. Particulars Amount (₹) Particulars Amount (₹) To Interest on Capital: Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Si				a: (Any two)				4.
(iii) Environment Concern (iv) Helping, caring and sharing towards specially abled people. (OR ANY OTHER SUITABLE VALUE) (b) Profit and Loss Appropriation A/c For the year ended March 31, 2013 Dr. Particulars Amount (₹) To Interest on Capital: Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Shakt's Capital A/c Shakt's Capital A/c Shakt's Capital A/c Interest on Singh's Capital = 1,00,000 x 6/100 + 25,000 x 6/100 x 6/12 = 6,750 Interest on Singh's Capital = 50,000 x 6/100 + 10,000 x 6/100 x 3/12 = 3,150 (NO MARKS FOR WORKING NOTES) Dr. Sonika's Capital A/c Particulars Amount (₹) To Sonika's executor Ans. Dr. Sonika's Capital A/c Shakt's Capital A/c Shakt'								1 x
(iv) Helping, caring and sharing towards specially abled people. (OR ANY OTHER SUITABLE VALUE) (b) Profit and Loss Appropriation A/c For the year ended March 31, 2013 Dr. Cr. Particulars Amount (₹) Particulars Amount (₹) Gupta's Capital S/c Gupta's Capital S/c Gupta's Capital S/c Gupta's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Shakti's Capital A/c Interest on Singh's Capital = 1,00,000 x 6/100 + 25,000 x 6/100 x 6/12 = 6,750 Interest on Gupta's Capital = 50,000 x 6/100 + 10,000 x 6/100 x 3/12 = 3,150 (NO MARKS FOR WORKING NOTES) Q. Monika								=
(OR ANY OTHER SUITABLE VALUE) (b) Profit and Loss Appropriation A/c For the year ended March 31, 2013 Dr. Particulars Amount (₹) Particulars Amount (₹) To Interest on Capital: Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Sing			` '		ممامات بالمنام	مامام		2
(b) Profit and Loss Appropriation A/c For the year ended March 31, 2013 Dr. Particulars Amount (₹) Particulars Amount (₹) To Interest on Capital: Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Singh's Capital				•	•	ropie.		
Profit and Loss Appropriation A/c For the year ended March 31, 2013 Dr. Particulars Amount (₹) To Interest on Capital: Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c Sonjtal A/c Sonjtal A/c Anount (₹) Interest on Singh's Capital = 1,00,000 x 6/100 + 25,000 x 6/100 x 6/12 = 6,750 Interest on Gupta's Capital = 1,00,000 x 6/100 + 10,000 x 6/100 x 3/12 = 3,150 (NO MARKS FOR WORKING NOTES) Particulars Dr. Sonika's Capital A/c Particulars Amount (₹) Particulars Amount (₹) Particulars Amount (₹) By Balance b/d J,50,000 By Manisha's Capital A/c (G/w) By Reserve fund G0,000 By Monika's Capital A/c (G/w) By Reserve fund G0,000 By Manisha's Capital A/c (G/w) By P/L Suspense A/c (20,000 By P/L Suspense A/c (20,000 By Interest on Capital = 1,50,000 x 3/12 x 12/100 = ₹ 4,500 Calculation of Sonika's share of goodwill = 2,00,000 x 3 x 2/5 = ₹ 2,40,000 Sonika's share of profit = 2,00,000 x 3/12 x 2/5 = ₹ 2,0,000			(OR ANY OTHER S	SUITABLE VALUE)			
Profit and Loss Appropriation A/c For the year ended March 31, 2013 Dr. Particulars Amount (₹) Particulars Amount (₹) Particulars For the year ended March 31, 2013 Dr. Particulars Amount (₹) Particulars Amount (₹) Particulars Amount (₹) For the year ended March 31, 2013 Cr. Particulars Amount (₹) For the year ended March 31, 2013 By Profit and 1,68,900 Loss A/c To profit transferred to: Singh's Capital A/c 63,600 Gupta's Capital A/c 63,600 Gupta's Capital A/c 63,600 Gupta's Capital A/c 63,600 Working Notes: Interest on Singh's Capital = 1,00,000 x 6/100 + 25,000 x 6/100 x 6/12 = 6,750 Interest on Gupta's Capital = 1,00,000 x 6/100 + 10,000 x 6/100 x 3/12 = 3,150 (NO MARKS FOR WORKING NOTES) 2 13 11 Q. Monika			(h)					
Dr.			(6)	Profit and I	oss Annronriati	on A/c		
Dr.								
Particulars			Dr.	Tor the year	chaca waren 3	1, 2013	Cr.	
To Interest on Capital: Singh's Capital A/c Gupta's Capital A/c G3,600 Gupta's Capital A/c G4,600 G4,6					Amount (₹)	Particulars		
Singh's Capital A/c					/anount (v)			
Gupta's Capital's A/c To profit transferred to: Singh's Capital A/c 63,600 Gupta's Capital A/c 31,800 Shakti's Capital A/c 31,800 Working Notes: Interest on Singh's Capital = 1,00,000 x 6/100 + 25,000 x 6/100 x 6/12 = 6,750 Interest on Gupta's Capital = 50,000 x 6/100 + 10,000 x 6/100 x 3/12 = 3,150 (NO MARKS FOR WORKING NOTES) Q. Monika			1 I		6 750 ⊃		1,00,500	
To profit transferred to: Singh's Capital A/c 63,600 Gupta's Capital A/c 31,800 1,59,000 1,68,900 1,68,900						2033 740		1
Singh's Capital A/c 63,600 1 1,59,000 1,68,900 1 1,68,900 1,69,000 1,60					-,			+
Singh's Capital A/c 63,600 1 1,59,000 1,68,900 1 1,68,900 1,69,000 1,60			To profit transferred to:					1
Gupta's Capital A/c 63,600			1 I	•				=
1,68,900 1,68,900								2
Working Notes: Interest on Singh's Capital = 1,00,000 x 6/100 + 25,000 x 6/100 x 6/12 = 6,750 Interest on Gupta's Capital = 50,000 x 6/100 + 10,000 x 6/100 x 3/12 = 3,150			11		1,59,000			
Working Notes: Interest on Singh's Capital = 1,00,000 x 6/100 + 25,000 x 6/100 x 6/12 = 6,750 Interest on Gupta's Capital = 50,000 x 6/100 + 10,000 x 6/100 x 3/12 = 3,150 (NO MARKS FOR WORKING NOTES) 2 13 11 Q. Monika2013. Ans. Dr. Sonika's Capital A/c Cr. Particulars Amount (₹) Particulars Amount (₹) To Sonika's executor ½ - ₹ 4,74,500 By Balance b/d 1,50,000 By Monika's Capital A/c (G/w) 1,60,000 By Monika's Capital A/c(G/w) 80,000 By P/L Suspense A/c 20,000 (Share of Profit) By Interest on Capital 4,500 Working notes:- Interest on capital = 1,50,000 x 3/12 x 12/100 = ₹ 4,500 Calculation of Sonika's share of goodwill = 2,00,000 x 3 x 2/5 = ₹ 2,40,000 Sonika's share of profit = 2,00,000 x 3/12 x 2/5 = ₹ 20,000					1.68.900		1.68.900	
Interest on Singh's Capital = 1,00,000 x 6/100 + 25,000 x 6/100 x 6/12 = 6,750 Interest on Gupta's Capital = 50,000 x 6/100 + 10,000 x 6/100 x 3/12 = 3,150			Working Notes:			I	=750755	(2+2
Interest on Gupta's Capital = 50,000 x 6/100 + 10,000 x 6/100 x 3/12 = 3,150				l = 1.00.000 x 6/	100 + 25.000 x 6	5/100 x 6/12 = 6.75	50	4 Ma
(NO MARKS FOR WORKING NOTES) 2 13 11 Q. Monika								
2 13 11 Q. Monika				,,	-,	-, -,		
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Dr. Sonika's Capital A/c	2 13	11	Q. Monika	20	13.			
Particulars			Ans.					
Particulars								
To Sonika's executor a/c			Dr.	Sonika	's Capital A/c		Cr.	
a/c By Reserve fund By Monika's Capital a/c (G/w) By Manisha's Capital A/c(G/w) By P/L Suspense A/c (Share of Profit) By Interest on Capital 4,74,500 Working notes:- • Interest on capital = 1,50,000x 3/12 x 12/100 = ₹ 4,500 • Calculation of Sonika's share of goodwill = 2,00,000 x 3 x 2/5 = ₹ 2,40,000 • Sonika's share of profit = 2,00,000 x 3/12 x2/5 = ₹ 20,000			Particulars			ticulars	Amount (₹)	
By Monika's Capital a/c (G/w) 1,60,000 By Manisha's Capital A/c(G/w) 80,000 By P/L Suspense A/c 20,000 (Share of Profit) By Interest on Capital 4,500 4,74,500 Working notes:- • Interest on capital = 1,50,000x 3/12 x 12/100 = ₹ 4,500 • Calculation of Sonika's share of goodwill = 2,00,000 x 3 x 2/5 = ₹ 2,40,000 • Sonika's share of profit = 2,00,000 x 3/12 x2/5 = ₹ 20,000			To Sonika's executor	½ ₹ 4,74,500	By Balance b/	'd	1,50,000	
By Manisha's Capital A/c(G/w) 80,000 By P/L Suspense A/c 20,000 (Share of Profit) By Interest on Capital 4,500 4,74,500 Working notes:- • Interest on capital = 1,50,000x 3/12 x 12/100 = ₹ 4,500 • Calculation of Sonika's share of goodwill = 2,00,000 x3 x 2/5 = ₹ 2,40,000 • Sonika's share of profit = 2,00,000 x 3/12 x2/5 = ₹ 20,000			a/c				-	1/2
By P/L Suspense A/c (Share of Profit) By Interest on Capital 4,500 4,74,500 Working notes:- • Interest on capital = 1,50,000x 3/12 x 12/100 = ₹ 4,500 • Calculation of Sonika's share of goodwill = 2,00,000 x3 x 2/5 = ₹ 2,40,000 • Sonika's share of profit = 2,00,000 x 3/12 x 2/5 = ₹ 20,000								1/2
Share of Profit By Interest on Capital 4,500 4,74,500 4,74,500 4,74,500 4,74,500 Working notes:- • Interest on capital					1 -		· ·	1/2
By Interest on Capital 4,500 4,74,500 4,74,500 Working notes:- • Interest on capital = 1,50,000x 3/12 x 12/100 = ₹ 4,500 • Calculation of Sonika's share of goodwill = 2,00,000 x3 x 2/5 = ₹ 2,40,000 • Sonika's share of profit = 2,00,000 x 3/12 x2/5 = ₹ 20,000							20,000	1
Morking notes:- • Interest on capital = 1,50,000x 3/12 x 12/100 = ₹ 4,500 • Calculation of Sonika's share of goodwill = 2,00,000 x3 x 2/5 = ₹ 2,40,000 • Sonika's share of profit = 2,00,000 x 3/12 x2/5 = ₹ 20,000					,	•		
 Working notes:- Interest on capital = 1,50,000x 3/12 x 12/100 = ₹ 4,500 Calculation of Sonika's share of goodwill = 2,00,000 x3 x 2/5 = ₹ 2,40,000 Sonika's share of profit = 2,00,000 x 3/12 x2/5 = ₹ 20,000 					By Interest or	i Capital	4,500	1
 Working notes:- Interest on capital = 1,50,000x 3/12 x 12/100 = ₹ 4,500 Calculation of Sonika's share of goodwill = 2,00,000 x3 x 2/5 = ₹ 2,40,000 Sonika's share of profit = 2,00,000 x 3/12 x2/5 = ₹ 20,000 				4 74 500			4 74 500	
 Interest on capital = 1,50,000x 3/12 x 12/100 = ₹ 4,500 Calculation of Sonika's share of goodwill = 2,00,000 x3 x 2/5 = ₹ 2,40,000 Sonika's share of profit = 2,00,000 x 3/12 x2/5 = ₹ 20,000 				4,74,500			<u>4,74,500</u>	
 Interest on capital = 1,50,000x 3/12 x 12/100 = ₹ 4,500 Calculation of Sonika's share of goodwill = 2,00,000 x3 x 2/5 = ₹ 2,40,000 Sonika's share of profit = 2,00,000 x 3/12 x2/5 = ₹ 20,000 			Working notes:					
= 1,50,000x 3/12 x 12/100 = ₹ 4,500 • Calculation of Sonika's share of goodwill = 2,00,000 x3 x 2/5 = ₹ 2,40,000 • Sonika's share of profit = 2,00,000 x 3/12 x2/5 = ₹ 20,000			Andriving Hores:-					
= 1,50,000x 3/12 x 12/100 = ₹ 4,500 • Calculation of Sonika's share of goodwill = 2,00,000 x3 x 2/5 = ₹ 2,40,000 • Sonika's share of profit = 2,00,000 x 3/12 x2/5 = ₹ 20,000			• Interest on sani	tal				
 Calculation of Sonika's share of goodwill = 2,00,000 x3 x 2/5 = ₹ 2,40,000 Sonika's share of profit = 2,00,000 x 3/12 x2/5 = ₹ 20,000 			I I		x 12/1∩∩ - ₹ 4	500		
= 2,00,000 x3 x 2/5 = ₹ 2,40,000 • Sonika's share of profit = 2,00,000 x 3/12 x2/5 = ₹ 20,000						.500		
• Sonika's share of profit = 2,00,000 x 3/12 x2/5 = ₹ 20,000								
= 2,00,000 x 3/12 x2/5 = ₹ 20,000					5 - \ 2, 1 0,000			
				•	x2/5 = ₹ 20 000)		
(NO MARKS FOR WORKING NOTES)				2,00,000 x 3/ 12	X2/3 - \ 20,000	,		4 ma
((NO MARKS	FOR WORKING	NOTES)		
				(- ,		
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Balance Sheet of Blue Heaven Ltd. As at

Equity & Liabilities	Note No.	Amount Current	Amount
		year	previous year
Shareholder's funds:			
b) Share Capital	1	13,54,000	
Notes to Accounts:			

Particulars		Rs
(2) Share Capital		
Authorised Capital:		
2,00,000 equity shares of 10 each		20,00,000
Issued Capital		
180,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each		18,00,000
Subscribed but not fully paid capita	<u>ıl</u>	
1,69,000 shares of ₹ 10 each, ₹ 8 c	alled up- 13,52,000	13,54,000
Less: Calls in arrears	(4,000)	
Add: Share forfeiture A/c	6,000	

Ans. **Adjustment Journal Entry**

Q. Anju, Manju and Ruchi..... to the society.

S.No **Particulars**

			Amt (₹)	Amt (₹)
An	ju's Capital A/c	Dr	225	
Ma	nju's Capital A/c	Dr	165	
	To Ruchi's Capit	tal A/c		390
	(Being adjustment e	ntry passed		
	considering Interest C	On drawings)		
Working notes				

Dr

15

	Anju	Manju	Ruchi	Total
Interest on drawings	1200	750		1,950
(Dr)				
Profit (Cr.)	975	585	390	1,950
Net effect	225 (Dr)	165 (Dr.)	390 (Cr.)	

OR Alternative Answer

	Adjustment Journal Entry							
S.No	Particulars		Dr Amt (₹)	Cr Amt (₹)				
	Ruchi's Capital A/c	Dr	2010					
	To Anju's Capital A/c	То		1275				
	To Manju's Capital A/c			735				
	(Being adjustment ent	ry passed						
	considering Interest Or	drawings)						

Norking notes				
	Anju	Manju	Ruchi	Total
Interest on drawings	1200	750	3000	4950
(Dr)				
Profit (Cr.)	2475	1485	990	4,950
Net effect	1275 (Cr)	735(Cr.)	2010 (Dr.)	

Value (any two) :-

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1

= 4 Mark

2

2

(2+2-

6 Ma

Cr

Dr. Realisation A/c Cr. Amt (₹) Amt (₹) **Particulars Particulars** To Debtors 1/2 3,40,000 By Creditors 1,50,000 To Stock 1,50,000 By Bank A/c To furniture 4,60,000 Stock 65,000 8,20,000 To Machinery Machinery 74,000 **Debtors** 3,23,000 4,62,000 To Bank A/c ½ **1,50,000** -Creditors By Hanif's Current A/c / Capital A/c (Stock) 67,500 To Hanif's Current A/c or By Jubed's Current A/c/ Capital A/c (Realisation 8,000 Capital A/c (Furniture) 1,35,000 Expenses) By loss transferred to Hanif's Current A/c / Capital A/c 7,42,333 Jubed's Current A/c / Capital A/c 11,13,500 3,71,167 19,28,000 19,28,000 6 Ma 17 17 Q. Shikhar & Rohit..... new firm. Ans. Dr. Revaluation A/c Cr. **Particulars** Amt (₹) **Particulars** Amt (₹) To Machinery A/c 45,000 By Land and Building 70,000 To profit transferred to: Shikhar's capital A/c 17,500 Rohit's Capital A/c 7,500 25,000 70,000 70,000 Partner's Capital A/c Dr. Cr. Shikhar Rohit Kavi Shikhar Rohit Kavi (₹) (₹) (₹) (₹) (₹) (₹) To Cash 37,000 23,000 By Balance b/d 8,00,000 3,50,000 4,30,000 A/c By cash A/c To By premium for 17,500 7,500 Balance 9,03,000 3,87,000 4,30,000 goodwill A/c c/d By general 1x reserve A/c 70,000 30,000 By workmen 3 Ma compensation Fund A/c 35,000 15,000 By revaluation 7,500 17,500 A/c (profit) 9,40,000 4,10,000 4,30,000 9,40,000 4,10,000 4,30,000

as at 1st April 2013 Amount (₹) Liabilities **Assets** Amount (₹) 1,50,000 Cash in Hand Creditors 5,45,000 Workmen Compensation Stock 3,50,000 50,000 4,05,000 Claim Machinery 3 Capital: Land & Building 4,20,000 Shikhar - 9,03,000 **Debtors** Rohit - 3,87,000 2,20,000 2,00,000 Kavi - 4,30,000 17,20,000 Less provision 20,000 19,20,000 <u>19,20,000</u> **Working Note:** (2+3+New Ratio: Let the profit of the firm = 1 8 Ma Kavi's share = 1/4 Remaining share = $1-1/4 = \frac{3}{4}$ Shikhar's Share = $\frac{3}{4}$ * 7/10 Rohit's Share = $\frac{3}{4}$ * 7/10 = 21/40 Kavi's Share = 1/4 * 10/10 = 10/40 New ratio = 21:9:10 Kavi's capital = 4,30,000Total capital of the firm = 4,30,000 * 4 = 17,20,000Shikhar's capital = 17,20,000 * 21/40 = 9,03,000 Rohit's capital = 17,20,000 * 9/40 = 3,87,000 Kavi's Capital = 4,30,000 17 **Q.** L,M & N new firm. 17 OR Ans. Revaluation A/c Dr. Cr. Amt (₹) Amt (₹) **Particulars Particulars** 1,00,000 By Land A/c 3,20,000 To Building A/c 30,000 To furniture A/c To profit transferred to L's capital A/c 95,000 M's Capital A/c 47,500 N's Capital A/c 47,500 1,90,000 3,20,000 3,20,000 **CLICK HERE** Get More Learning Materials Here: www.studentbro.in

Balance Sneet of Sniknar, Ronit & Ravi

or.							Cr.
Particulars	L	М	N	Particulars	L	М	N
	(₹)	(₹)	(₹)		(₹)	(₹)	(₹)
To N's	1,00,000	50,000		By Balance b/d	6,00,000	4,80,000	4,80,000
Capital A/c				By L's Capital A/c			
				(g/w)			1,00,000
To N's loan			8,37,500	By M's Capital A/c			
A/c				(g/w)		-	50,000
				By General			
To M's		1,20,000		Reserve A/c	2,20,000	1,10,000	1,10,000
current A/c				By Workmen			
				Compensation			
To Balance				Fund A/c	1,00,000	50,000	50,000
c/d	10,35,000	5,17,500		By revaluation			
				A/c (profit)	95,000	47,500	47,500
				By L's current A/c	1,20,000		
	11,35,000	6,87,000	6,87,000		11,35,000	6,87,000	6,87,000

Balance sheet of L and M As at 1st April, 2013

Liabilities	Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Capitals:		Land	11,20,000
L 10,35,000		Building	5,00,000
M <u>5,17,500</u>	15,52,000	Furniture	2,10,000
N's Loan A/c	8,37,500	Debtors 4,00,000	
Workmen	1,60,000	Less provision 20,000	3,80,000
compensation claim		Stock	4,40,000
Creditors	2,40,000	Cash	1,40,000
M's current A/c	1,20,000	L's current A/c	1,20,000
	<u>29,10,000</u>		29,10,000

Working Notes: Old ratio = 2:1:1

New Ratio = 2:1

Remaining capital = 9,15,000+6,37,500 = 15,52,500 in 2:1

L's capital = 10,35,000

M's Capital = 5,17,500

Q. KY Ltd.....books of KY Ltd.

OR

JY Ltd.....books of JY Ltd.

18

NOTE: Full marks are to be awarded for 'ATTEMPTING' the question. (whether correctly or wrongly) and it is applicable to both the options (Premium or Discount)

1x

3 Ma

(2+3)

Mai

8 Ma

	19	-	Q. State statement. Ans. Cash flow refers to inflow and outflow of cash & cash equivalents resulting in increase or decrease in cash.					1 ma		
	20	-	Ans. Fir		Statement. es are the activition closure is importa				owings of an	1 ma
1	21	21	Q. State					1 m		
2	22	22		er which	Compa	inies Act'1956	5.			
			Ans. S.No.	Items			Sub – Headir	ισ	7	
			1	Capital reserve	 e		Reserve and		_	
			2	Bonds			Long term bo		=	
			3	Loans Repayal	ble on demand		Short term be	orrowings		½ x6
			4	Vehicles			Fixed Assets-			Ma
							Assets			
			5	Goodwill			Fixed Assets-	Intangible		
				Lanca tanda			Assets		_	
	23	_	6 From	Loose tools	Servic	es Itd	Inventories			
			Ans.		COMPARATIVE S	ded 31 st Mar				
				Particulars	2011-12	2012-13	Absolute	Percentage		
					(₹)	(₹)	Increase / Decrease	Increase / Decrease		
			Revenu	ue from	11,00,000	14,00,000	3,00,000	27.27%)	
			Operat		,::,::0	, = , = = 0	, = , = , = = 0		}	1
			Add ot	her income	1,40,000	2,00,000	60,000	42.85%	J	
				Revenue	12,40,000	16,00,000	3,60,000	29.03%	}	1
				openses	9,00,000	8,00,000	(1,00,000)	(11.11%)	\downarrow	1
				pefore Tax ax @ 40%	3,40,000 1,36,000	8,00,000 3,20,000	4,60,000 1,84,000	135.2% 135.2%	}	1
			LE33 16	<i>I</i> Λ ₩ 7 0/0	1,30,000	3,20,000	1,04,000	133.2/0	J	
			Profit a	after tax	2,04,000	4,80,000	2,76,000	135.2%	}	1 =
										1x4
4	24	24	Q. The c	auick		amount due				Ma
				1						
G	iet N	lore	Learni	ng Materials	s Here :	CLICK HERE	<u>(</u> »)	₩ww.	studentbr	o.in

		(1) Decrease			1
		Reason: Liquid assets will decrease with no change in curre	ent liabilities		1/2
		(2) No change in the ratio			
			hange in liquid ass	sets.	1/2
		neason mercase in easil and decrease in desicns with no	mange in inquia ass		(½x
					2 M
		(b)			
		Proprietary ratio = Share holders funds / Total assets = `1,	.00,000 / `4,50,000	0 = .22:1 or 22%	1
		Shareholders funds = Current assets + Non current assets -	- Long term borrov	vings – Long term	_
		provisions – Current liabilities			1/2
			1,00,000		
					2 2 2
					2 Ma
		=`4,50,000			(2+2
					4 Ma
25	25	Q. Prepare a Cash flow Statement Question.			
		Ans.			
		Cash flow statement			
				Amount (₹)	
				7	
			15.000		
		Decrease in inventories			
		Less: Decrease in trade payables	(66,000)		
		Cash used in Operating Activities	(36,000)	(36,000)	2 :
		Cash flows from Investing Activities:			
		Purchase of fixed tangible assets	(47,500)		
		Purchase of non current investments	(3,000)		
		Cash used in investing activities	(50,500)	(50,500)	1
		Cash flows from Financing Activities:			1
		Issue of share capital	<u>50,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>	_
		•			
					} 1
		Closing Balance of cash & cash equivalents		<u>81,000</u>	J
					(2 ½
					1/2 +
					1) :
					Ma
	.	Learning Materials Here : CLICK HERE (>>)		ww.studentbr	•.
	25	25 25	(2) No change in the ratio Reason: Increase in cash and decrease in debtors with no consequence in cash and decrease in debtors with no consequence in cash and decrease in debtors with no consequence in cash and decrease in debtors with no consequence in cash and decrease in debtors with no consequence in cash and decrease in debtors with no consequence in cash and decrease in debtors with no consequence in cash and decrease in cash and decrease in debtors with no consequence in cash and decrease in cash and decrease in trade receivables. Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	Reason: Liquid assets will decrease with no change in current liabilities (2) No change in the ratio Reason: Increase in cash and decrease in debtors with no change in liquid assets (b) Proprietary ratio = Share holders funds / Total assets = `1,00,000 / `4,50,000 Shareholders funds = Current assets + Non current assets - Long term borrow provisions - Current liabilities = `90,000 + `3,60,000 - `2,00,000 - `1,00,000 - `50,000 = `1,00,000 Total Assets = Current Assets+ Non current assets = `90,000 + `3,60,000 = `4,50,000 25 Q. Prepare a Cash flow Statement	Reason: Liquid assets will decrease with no change in current liabilities (2) No change in the ratio Reason: Increase in cash and decrease in debtors with no change in liquid assets. (b) Proprietary ratio = Share holders funds / Total assets = `1,00,000 / `4,50,000 = .22:1 or 22% Shareholders funds = Current assets + Non current assets - Long term borrowings - Long term provisions - Current liabilities = `90,000 + `3,60,000 - `2,00,000 - `1,00,000 - `50,000 = `1,00,000 Total Assets = Current Assets + Non current assets = '90,000 + `3,60,000 = `4,50,000 25 Q. Prepare a Cash flow Statement

				Computerisea Account	ung			
כ כ	19	21	Q. What analysis?					
				<u> </u>	entify and elicit needed information	1 M		
	20	10	from those with the domain of		2			
L	20	19	Q. What			1 M		
			Ans. A 'data' or data element is the smallest named unit of data in the information system. These are facts and may consist of number, text etc.					
			OR					
			The raw fact (as input) for any business application is known as data.					
9	21	20	Q. What Da					
			Ans . A relational database utilises two or more tables containing data arranged in rows and					
			columns.					
2	22	22	Q. Explain S	vstem.				
-			Ans. Advantages of Compu		m (Anv two)			
				of reports and information	• •			
			• =	•	ii iii desired format.	2		
			6. Efficient record kee	. •				
				ontrol over the system.				
			•	ocessing of accounting dat	ta.			
			Limitations (Any one):					
			Faster obsolesce of	technology necessitates i	investment in short period of	1		
			time.					
			6. Data may be lost or	corrupt due to power int	erruptions.			
			7. Data are prone to h	acking.				
			Un-programmed and un-sp	_	generated.	2+1		
			on programmed and an op		Beneratear	Ma		
3	23	24	Q. Differentiate	four basis.				
			Ans: (Any four)		•			
			. , .					
			Basis	Desktop Database	Server Database			
			7. Application	Single user	Multiple Users			
			8. Additional Provision for reliability	Not present	Present			
			9. Cost	Less Costly	Costly			
				·				
			10. Flexibility regarding	Not present	Present	(1x4		
			choice of performance front			4 Ma		
			end application					
			11. Example	MS Access	ORACLE,SQL			
			12. Suitability	Small office, home office	Large Organisation			
			Jan Saleability	Small office, floring office	Large Organisation			
3	24	23	Q. What	conditions?				
				ire of spreadsheet which im	poses a restriction on the type of			
			data to be entered in a cell.					
			(Any two)		مسلم ويوط النب طونطين المسلم والمسلم			
			values as per formula	•	will be allowed which will have true	1 x 4		
			b) Prevention of duplica			Mai		
			c) Setting the range of f			1		
				es before or after the text.				
				1 . 6 11 1 11 1		[
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	a) Travelling allowance =IF(B1>25000,0.25*B1,0.2*B1)	2x3
	b) Loan payable = IF(B1>25000,0.2*B1,0.15*B1)	Ma
	c) Net salary =SUM(B1,C1—D1)	